Medical

CAL ANNOUNCEMENT

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THE UNFORTUNATE.
REMEDIES NEW AND RELIABLE
Dr. Gibbon's Dispensary,
...HARVEST STREET
NEAR ... STREET
Established in 1854
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...

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1871.

Cheap Goods—Low Wages.

In his tour in the Scottish Highlands Dr. Johnson noted the fact that eggs were cheap, and remarked that the cause was, "not that eggs were many, but that pence were few." They who clamor for complete free-trade in this country insist that the policy they advocate would cheapen commodities,—which might in some cases and to a certain extent be true; but of what benefit would this cheapness be, if there were little or no money to buy with? Introduce free trade, and the manufacturing industry of this country will be extinguished at once by the British steam engine. Our laboring people are now able to buy what they need because they receive remunerative wages. But let their wages stop, or be greatly reduced,—and one or the other of these results would surely follow the introduction of the free trade system,—and what would it avail them that goods were cheap? Why is the American laborer better off under the protective system, which some denounce as a feeder of monopolies, than the English or Irish laboror, under the system of free trade? They who envy the cheapness of goods in England and lament their high price in the United States might profitably note the fact that the laborer in America can save much more out of his earnings, over and above the cost of living, than the English laborer can, and that in this country there is a chance for every laboring man to better his condition and attain finally to independence; while in the country of free trade, which is held up to us as an example of correct political economy, the laboring man has no sort of chance, and toils all his life without hope of more than a meager subsistence.

Hence it is that such laborers in the country of free trade as are able to save enough to pay for fares across the ocean come to America. They are not attached to England because they can, perhaps, buy cloth at a somewhat smaller price per yard, or a pair of blankets at a lower figure, in that country than in the United States; but they come because they can get wages here and accumulate wealth. It is evident that they do not consider themselves "robbed and oppressed by protective monopolies;" for if so they would certainly remain where they could enjoy the full benefit of the beneficent system of free trade, with low prices and still lower wages.

An English Opinion.

The Liverpool *Mercury*, speaking of the American loans now in the field, says that the enormous operations of the United States in the English and other European money market already highly satisfactory, will be greatly facilitated if the negotiations before the high commission at Washington result favorably. Our national debt, it says, is large, but the domestic cost is very great. But the resources of the United States are boundless:—"In twenty or thirty years of peace the whole debt of the United States will be redeemable, if it should not be paid off together. But a war of three or four years with England would double even the present large debt of America, and would render the repayment of that debt impossible within any reasonable time. This is so evident as to be a strong and reasonable hope of the maintenance of a good understanding between England and the United States, notwithstanding interested violence of political incendiaries. If the present mode of settling disputes between England and the United States by means of a High Commission like that now sitting at Washington, should be successful, it will not only serve as a precedent for all succeeding times to the two nations most concerned, but may also have a great influence on other countries."

A Promising Prospect.

There is every probability that many carloads of the wheat of the next harvest will be shipped from here direct to foreign ports. Vessels will be here with railroad materials and with general cargoes of foreign merchandise, and they will take return cargoes of grain. This is the best way for Oregon to realize the full advantages of her wheat crop; inasmuch as she saves, by shipping direct, the commissions and profits of middle men in San Francisco. Grain can be shipped from here to foreign ports at almost as low rates as from there.

A large harvest throughout Oregon this year will contribute immensely to the wealth, prosperity and activities of the State. Especially will this be so, if, as now seems almost certain, there should be a failure of crops in California. If, to the heavy disbursements of money for internal improvements in the State, and to the general activity resulting therefrom, there should be added a bountiful harvest, we should have by far the most prosperous year ever known in Oregon. There is an almost certain prospect that wheat will bear a good price, and now is the time for farmers to take advantage of it and sow grain.

It distresses the Democratic paper at Oregon City to observe that the OREGONIAN does not approve of Sumner's war on the Administration, and attacks President Grant in Sumner's behalf. It would delight that paper if the OREGONIAN would lend itself to the work of disrupting the Republican party and thus help the Ku Klux-repudiation-secession Democracy to power. It can't be gratified. The Republicans of Oregon propose to carry the State in 1872, and the OREGONIAN, instead of laboring to disorganize the party, intends to do its full share toward securing the victory.

From the Oregon City *Enterprise* we learn that "the financial policy of the Administration long since proved a failure." What that paper would call a successful financial policy would be quick and complete repudiation. 'Tis bad enough, viewed from a Democratic standpoint, to pay the debt at the rate of one hundred millions a year, instead of repudiating it outright. Hence it follows that "the financial policy of the Administration is a failure."

Several of the Democratic papers continue to brag about the "victory in Connecticut." It is such a victory as John Phœnix gained when he "held his opponent down with his nose, which he had inserted between the said opponent's teeth for the purpose!" The *Herald* says its party "held its own on Congressman." Yes; it elected *one* out of *four*. How many "Democratic victories" like this will it take to raise that party to power?

Most of the Democratic papers avoid publishing the exposure of the frauds attempted by their party in the Connecticut election. The *Herald* would not have published it could it have avoided doing so. But even that paper judiciously refrained from making any comments.

Wearing Masks.

Prudent ones of the Democratic party are now doing their utmost to induce the outspoken and indiscreet to keep silence. They entreat such as manifest a disposition to exhibit the true instincts of Democracy to suppress the violence of their demonstrations, or all will be lost. They beg them to be more cautious and discreet, and to moderate the tone of their utterances. It is perceived that the party is likely to be damaged greatly unless those who blurt out its real sentiments and purposes are silenced, hence these continued appeals for "moderation," and these entreaties addressed to those who are vociferating for a new revolution, for the revival of State rights—secession doctrines, and for the overthrow of the constitutional amendments, to put the seal of silence on their lips and repress their noble rage, till the party gains power. Then they can speak out.

It is observable that they who are employing this entreaty at the same time persistently deny that it is the Democratic intention to disturb any of the results of the war. Yet the fact that they are obliged to suppress for the sake of expediency violent utterances of the indiscreet members of their party, proves just the contrary. It proves that the real, dominating sentiment of the party is one of hostility to the results of the war and to the amended Constitution; it proves that the party actually intends, in case it achieves power, to attempt, as a Southern paper recently expressed it, a "readjustment of our institutions upon renewed Constitutions," and should convince every one who wants peace of the danger of permitting a Democratic triumph. Who does not know that this element of that party, which now hardly conceals its revolutionary intentions, comprises three-fourths of the whole organization, and that it will direct the policy of the party in accordance with the revolutionary programme? The Democrats of the South, lately in arms against the Government and the Union, would govern a Democratic administration. And what their course would be the Southern Democratic press, from which we have lately printed numerous extracts, plainly tells. In that section they speak plainly and scorn to wear a mask. What Republican can afford by indifference, inaction, or even dissatisfaction with some of the members of his own party, to strengthen an organization whose triumph would be fraught with so much danger to the best interests of the country?

The Kentucky Ku Klux

Nasby, in a recent letter from "Confedrit X Roads" thus throws the blame of the Ku Klux disturbances in Kentucky upon those whom the people about the "Corners" think are the ones really to blame:

"There can't be no doubt ez to where the blame ought to rest. The niggers have got an insane idea into 'em that they are reely citizens by virtoo of the 15th amendment, notwithstandin the fact that every justis uv the peece in Kentucky has declared it unconstooshnel, and consekently void and uv no effect. They b'leeve they hev rites ez citizens, and they won't be managed as they yoosed to be. They insist on being paid for labor, wich allus irritates the Southern mind, and they continyoually insult us by offerin their votes, wich ain't to be tolerated for a minit. Ef they wood quietly resoom their normal posishen, and let us rool em es we yoost to, I ashoor yoo there wooden't be no trouble whatever. Ez to the Northerners, they are reely at the bottom uv the whole trouble. They come down here and bi land, and try to build factrys, and set the niggers wild by hirin uv em, and payin uv em, and they take incendinry periodicals, and do their level best to disorganize things generally, and we can't hev no peece so long as they are permitted to be here. In all that hez been done our people have acted in self-defense.

The Military Division of the Missouri, established in 1866, and now commanded by Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, with headquarters at Chicago, extends from British America on the north to Mexico on the south, and from the Mississippi to the Rocky Mountains. The number of Indians found within these limits is estimated at 188,416. The military force scattered over this vast region consists of twelve regiments of infantry, five of cavalry, a detachment of engineers, and four batteries of light artillery.

The State Lands.

The Oregon *Sentinel* of April 8th has an editorial on the above subject which remarks that:

The *Daily Oregon Herald* of the 1st has a long article upon the condition of the "State lands," in which it arraigns the former Republican State administrations with much inattention and neglect in regard to the same, and claims the exact reverse for the present Democratic administration.

Seriatim it goes through with each class of lands in which the State has, or might have had an interest, but for nonfeasance of Republican authorities, and winds up with much flat adulation of the powers that be. The people of this State, we are willing to admit, will allow that their Democratic rulers have not been inattentive to the subject of the State lands.

We find a Democratic Legislature busying itself with the 508,000 acres of school land, $200,000 of the proceeds of which it gave to the Oregon City canal and lock swindling enterprise, when another perfectly responsible company asked for the privilege of making the same improvements for $125,000; and this swindle received the sanction of the Governor. Next we find that patriotic and incorruptible Legislature engaged in a plundering scheme in regard to the swamp lands to which the State is entitled; and this also with the approval of our virtuous Governor. Now we do not doubt but that the same commendable attention will be bestowed on the other classes of lands mentioned in good time, unless the people of the State conclude to dispense with any further blessings of Democratic rule. There is, only one reason against it, and that is some of the lands named, may not be loose enough to be got hold of with ordinary Democratic legislation. But if it is, it's a gone "goos."

An agent of Louis Napoleon is said to have purchased the house in Ajaccio in which the first Napoleon was born, with a view, it is thought, of its becoming the residence of the ex-Emperor. This is improbable, as Corsica is subject to France, and Napoleon would scarcely be permitted to reside within the jurisdiction of the Government of that country. But, while it might happen that the ex-Emperor may reside in that house, its traditions would avail him nothing for the grandeur of his family. No second Napoleon Bonaparte could ever see the light within its walls.

One very sensible reason assigned for the formation of a Congressional KuKlux committee to go down South and take testimony during vacation is that their appearance down there will produce the most quiet and peaceable communities to be found anywhere. They understand how to fix things, and will be on their good behavior, at least as long as the committee are sitting.

A woman's rights' woman has written an essay wherein, if we may believe an enthusiastic admirer, she proves beyond question that the immortal Shakespeare was a woman, and that all the wisdom of Socrates consists of quotations from the curtain lectures of his wife Xantippe, for which he was not man enough, or rather too much of a man, to give her credit.

NEW GOODS—ELEGANT STYLES.—Mrs. Donlway, corner of Third and Washington streets, is now opening a full line of new and stylish Millinery Goods. She has a number of New and Elegant Styles in Hats, etc., which Ladies will certainly be pleased to see and examine.

CURRENT NOTES.

Senator Sumner, says the New York *Mail*, is only consistent on one question. When the rights or welfare of the colored race are involved it is always safe to predict where he will be found. But on other subjects he does not so rigidly adhere to one line of policy. He expended all the resources of his rhetoric on the frozen wastes of Alaska, but the tropical wealth of San Domingo presents no attractions to him. He is nervously solicitous about trampling on the rights of an imaginary "Republic" of Dominica, but would have no hesitation about demanding the transfer of the Provincials, like so many globes of soul, with her Majesty's territory on this continent. Consistency is not the greatest of virtues, but it is a virtue, and Mr. Sumner ought to cultivate it a little.

The Baltimore *American* says of Mr. Sumner's speech: "His haste to put his speech before the country seems to show that he was afraid of the effect the report of the Commissioners would have, and that he was anxious to get off his little piece of personal vindictiveness in advance. Without knowing anything about the character of the report, we venture the prediction that there is not a material allegation which Mr. Sumner brings against the Administration for the part it has taken in the matter that it will not emphatically contradict. Mr. Sumner is too old to enter into the contest for the Presidential nomination. His speech yesterday looks like an effort in that direction, but it will amount to nothing."

SPRING STYLES.—KOHN & FISHEL, as usual, are the first to fill their store with the new Spring Styles of Clothing and Furnishing Goods. Their stock is very large, and their goods of the best quality, and latest styles. Messrs. Kohn & Fishel buy their goods in large quantities, consequently, get them at low rates and can afford to sell cheap, which they intend to do.

They respectfully invite their friends and patrons to give them a call.

To whom it may concern: May it be known that whenever Congress of the United States of our glorious Republic reduces the price of postage stamps, I will promise to reduce the price of paper collars to less than Twenty-five Cents a box, and I have also on hand one of the largest stocks of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods in the city of Portland, and defy competition. Isaac Bartman, corner First and Alder streets, Odd Fellows' Temple.

Go to O'Neil & Co's, if you want a coat
Made of wool, from the finest sheep or Cashmere goat,
Or the best fitting pants, or the nicest vest—
There's where you will always get the very best.
They have all kinds of goods that gentlemen need,
Cloth, silk, cashmere, cattore, linen and tweed—
If you'll all get a suit and plank down the cash
They'll sell to you cheap if it breaks them to smash!

BARNUM'S LINEN THREAD is nicely put up in boxes, and with special reference to the *Retail Trade*, so that all numbers may be sold at one price.

BARNUM'S C BEST THREAD is unequalled for strength and evenness of thread. Try it and be convinced of its superior qualities.

"WHAT HAVE YOU TAKEN FOR IT?" said Mrs. Laura Thompson to her friend Miss Lake, referring to a sick headache with which the young lady was continually afflicted. "Oh," said Miss L., "I've taken cathartic pills enough to load a cannon." "Discard them," said her friend, "and try my medicine, PLANTATION BITTERS. Bile is the cause of the difficulty; and I know by experience the Bitters is a certain cure for biliousness."

Miss Lake adopted Mrs Thompson's advice, and was cured within a fortnight. She is now at the Metropolitan hotel, and will confirm this statement.

SEA MOSS FARINE from pure Irish Moss, for Blanc Mange, Puddings, Custards, Creams, &c., &c. The cheapest, healthiest and most delicious food in the world.

All who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, croup, whooping cough, and the most to be dreaded of all, Consumption, can find sure relief in DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always cures when other remedies fail.

Burnett's Cologne.—Best in America.

PARRISH, ATKINSON & WOODWARD,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

Corner of Alder and Front Streets,

Have PROPERTY for SALE in PORTLAND, EAST PORTLAND, and throughout OREGON generally.

We can offer superior inducements to Purchasers of REAL ESTATE.

HOUSES RENTED, RENTS COLLECTED, MONEY LOANED, TAXES PAID, and everything that pertains to the Real Estate Business attended to with promptness.

☞ LEGAL PAPERS written and acknowledged.

J. L. ATKINSON,
L. M. PARRISH, Notary Public.
apl TYLER WOODWARD. dtf

DR. J. H. HAVCH,

DENTIST.

The patronage of those desiring FIRST-CLASS OPERATIONS respectfully solicited.

Satisfaction in all cases guaranteed.

NITROUS OXIDE administered for the Painless Extraction of Teeth.

OFFICE—No. 109 First street, opposite the Postoffice
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DIED:

At Pendleton, Umatilla county, Oregon, April 6, 1871, of remittent fever, Charlie, eldest son of Mr. Lot Livermore, aged 1 year, 3 months and 8 days.

He budded here,
Now blossoms in the Spirit Land.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.

HOPE, McKILLOP & CO.

OFFICE—NO. 59 FRONT STREET,
(Up Stairs),
PORTLAND, OREGON.

GEO. W. FISHER, Manager.

Branch of Hope, McKillop & Co., San Francisco.

HEAD OFFICE—McKILLOP, SPRAGUE & CO., 109 and 111 Wash street, N. Y.

Established A. D. 1849.

BRANCH ASSOCIATE OFFICES—New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Detroit, Toledo, Washington, Charleston, Milwaukie, St. Louis, Louisville, St. Joseph, Kansas City, New Orleans, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago, Baltimore, Quincy, Rochester, Portland, O., Montreal, Toronto, Halifax, Liverpool, London, Birmingham, Manchester, Glasgow, Paris, Hamburg, Sydney.

Supplies INFORMATION as to the Character, Capital, Antecedents, and Mercantile position of Bankers, Merchants, etc., etc.

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SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE

COLLECTION OF DEBTS,

OUTSTANDING ACCOUNTS AND CLAIMS

Of all kinds (for which he has the best facilities) in this City, throughout the Pacific Coast and Eastern States.

NAMES OF RELIABLE ATTORNEYS throughout the Pacific Coast furnished FREE.

Portland, April 6, 1871. ap15dtf

SPECIAL SALE AT AUCTION

BY

S. L. JONES & CO., San Francisco.

THURSDAY, APRIL 20TH.

SCALES

OF THE

Howe & Sampson Patents.

Comprising every variety of DRUGGIST, GROCER, MERCHANDISE and HAY SCALES.

The sale will be peremptory and for CASH to close a Concern ap13d6t

Amusements.

ORO FINO THEATER.

LESSEE ..... MRS. F. M. BATES
STAGE MANAGER ..... J. H. VINSON

Family Prices:
Dress Circle, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, 75; Gallery, 25.

BATES' DRAMATIC COMPANY

Saturday Matinee!

Will be performed for the last time

EAST LYNNE, OR, THE ELOPEMENT!

LADY ISABEL, } ..... MRS. F. M. BATES
MADAME VINE, }

Supported by the Company.

SONG AND DANCE ..... MISS MINNIE PIXLEY
BALLAD ..... MISS ANNIE PIXLEY

Saturday Evening, April 15, 1871,

Will be performed the great play of

THE TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN!

MAT EDWARDS ..... MRS. F. M. BATES
Mrs. Willoughby ..... Miss Lizzie Ingles
Sam Willoughby ..... Miss Minnie Pixley
Jack Brick ..... Mr. F. M. Bates
Hawkershaw ..... F. Graves
Waller Moss ..... Mr. J. H. Vinson

Supported by the Company.

TUESDAY—BENEFIT OF F. M. BATES.

FIRST ANNIVERSARY BALL

OF

Multnomah Tribe, No. 3,

OF

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN,

Will be given at ARMORY HALL,

Thursday Evening, April 27, 1871

Committee of Arrangements.

CHAS. S. MILLS, E. J. JEFFREY,
WARD S. STEVENS, ALEX. CAMPBELL,
CHAS. M. MARTIN, ROBT E DYBEE,
JAS. F. HANKINS, WM. WHITE,

Reception Committee

H. T. HUDSON, HENRY WEBER,
J. H. GARRIGAN, WILLIAM WHITE.

Floor Managers.

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JOHN E WOOD ap14

REAL ESTATE

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Now is Your Time to Invest.

STITZEL & UPTON.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS,

Corner Front and Washington Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

Agents for the Sale of Blocks and Lots in

HOLLADAY'S ADDITION

to

East Portland!

TO OUR PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY desiring to make SAFE and RELIABLE investments in Real Property, we beg leave at this time to call your attention to this DESIRABLE TRACT, which has been subdivided into Blocks and Lots, and is now in the Market, to be sold in Alternate Lots and Blocks.

No one that has ever visited this body of land but what will say that it is the MOST ELIGIBLE for SUBURBAN RESIDENCES of any ever offered in this market, the land having a gradual slope from the River back to SEVENTEENTH STREET, there being scarcely any Block in the entire tract but what a

Fair View of the City of Portland and Willamette River

Can be had. Another advantage this Property will have for Residences: no high water will ever affect the drainage of the city.

The Oregon and California Railroad Company's New Ferry Boat is now making Regular Trips from the Foot of F street, Couch's Addition, to the Foot of Oregon street, Holladay's Addition.

IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE:

Aside from gigantic Improvements now in contemplation by the Railroad Company, in the construction of Wharves, Warehouses and Machine Shops, quite a number of citizens will commence erecting fine Residences and Business Houses; also, Street Improvements, under contract, by grading and planking Holladay Avenue its entire length, to connect with the Sandy Road. We can say that at least a Half Million Dollars will be expended in Permanent Improvements on this Addition the present season.

TERMS OF SALE—40 per cent CASH down; deferred payments, six and twelve months, with interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

NO QUESTION AS TO TITLE

The Title to this property is undisputed, being a portion of the Donation Land Claim of Jacob Wheeler and wife, United States Patent issued, and conveyed by said Wheeler and Wife to Geo. W. Wheeler.

☞ Parties desiring to invest will find Maps and Plats of the property at our Office, or at the Office of Messrs. FERRY, RUSSELL & WOODWARD, and other LAND AGENCIES in the city.

STITZEL & UPTON

Offer for sale a large amount of PORTLAND and EAST PORTLAND RESIDENCE and BUSINESS Property.

A large amount of choice FARMING LANDS for sale, situated in Multnomah, Washington, Yamhill, Polk, Benton, Lane, Marion, Clackamas and other counties of this State. For PRICE LIST call at our Office.

80-Acre Lot for sale, adjoining Holladay's Addition on the east. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

5 and 10-Acre Lots for sale, adjoining East Portland, on reasonable terms. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

5 and 10-Acre Lots for sale on the Macadamized Road three miles south of the city limits. Apply to Stitzel & Upton.

FARMS TO RENT.—We have a number of Improved Farms, situated in Washington county, from 14 to 20 miles of Portland.

☞ WANTED—At this office, immediately, from two to three hundred Dwelling Houses, situated in Portland and East Portland. Tenants waiting patiently.

ap12dtf STITZEL & UPTON.

A Large Importation of

CROCKERY, CHINA & GLASSWARE

JUST RECEIVED AND

TO BE GIVEN AWAY

For the Least Money of any Store on the Pacific Slope.

99 NINTY-NINE CENTS. 99

A. D. SHELBY

WILL SELL

One Dozen first quality White Granite Plates, of every size, for 99

One doz. W. G. Cups and Saucers for ... 99

Glass Tea Sett, consisting of Sugar, Creamer, Butter and Spoon Holder, for 99

White Metal, Five Bottled Cartors complete, for 99

Large and Beautiful Ornamental Vases, for 99

Six Knives and Forks (not Iron but genuine Steel) for 99

Six heavy blown lead Glass Goblets, for 99

The above-mentioned First Class Goods are offered to the public for SALE as well as all other kindred Goods in my line at equally low prices.

CALL AND SEE.

SHELBY'S CROCKERY STORE.

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DONNERBERG & BARRETT,

124 First St., bet. Morrison & Yamhill,

Plumbers, Gas & Steam Fitters.

Agents for Hooker's Double Acting Lift and Force Pumps. Also, Agents for Reep's Patent Globe Pump.

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IMPORTANT

TO THE TRADE

OF THE

PACIFIC COAST.

LIQUIDATION OF THE HOUSE

OF

WM. MEYER & CO.,

108 and 110 Sansome Street,

(Murphy, Grant & Co.'s Building),

SAN FRANCISCO.

BY EXPIRATION OF THE COPARTNERSHIP existing between MESSRS.

WILLIAM MEYER,
SIMON WORMSER,
ISIDOR WORMSER,
LOUIS WORMSER,

Which takes place on the FIRST DAY OF JULY, 1871, we hereby offer for sale our

ENTIRE STOCK,

Amounting to

$600,000!

AT

LESS THAN NEW YORK COST!

CONSISTING OF

The Most Complete Assortment of Merchandize ever offered to the Trade of the Pacific Coast,

as follows:

MEN'S AND BOYS'

CLOTHING!

FURNISHING GOODS!

ATKINSON & LONGCOPE'S

CELEBRATED

WHITE AND COLORED

SHIRTS!

Trunks and Valises!

ETC., ETC., ETC.

☞ This being the LAST OPPORTUNITY, we respectfully invite the Trade in general to EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

WM MEYER & CO.,
San Francisco.

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PIANOS AND ORGANS.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED THE LARGEST STOCK ever brought to this market, consisting of the following makes of Pianos:

Hallet & Davis',
(Celebrated New Scale,)
Chickering & Son's,
Parlor Gem,
Bradbury Piano,

And coming by rail

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW!!

In the line of Piano Fortes.

My Stock will range in Price from

$350 to $600.

I have also on hand a large Stock of

WASON & HAWLIN'S

CABINET ORGANS

Which I offer for sale at Eastern Prices.

W. T. SHANAHAN,

No. 75 First Street,

(Near Ladd & Tilton's Bank,)

ap5 PORTLAND, OREGON. d1m1f

BRANCH OFFICE

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

M. P. MORSE, Co's Agent and Attorney,
504 Kearny St., cor. California.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 31, 1871.

THE PUBLIC IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT I have this day Revoked the Agency of DRAKE & CO., Special Agents, consisting of Frank G. Drake, W. A. Upton, J. G. Moserve, at Portland, Oregon.

They are no longer authorized to act in any way as my Agents for the State of Oregon and Territory of Washington, and the public is hereby cautioned from making any payments to them, either on account of any business connected with this office or the Ætna Life Insurance Company, from and after this date.

Any person or persons holding policies of Insurance in the Ætna Life Insurance Company having payments falling due can make said payments to me at this office.

ap1.d1w2p M. P. MORSE.

Restoration of the Hair.

THOSE WHO HAVE USED MY PREPARATION for Restoring the Hair, have expressed great satisfaction. To those who are now using my Remedy I would announce that I have a place of my own, and can now give better attention to all my customers, and all who give me a call will be more strictly cared for than heretofore. My Preparation has been highly recommended by all who have used it, and in course of time, by using the Remedy, it will stop the Hair from falling out. JOHN LOPER,

ap14d1m Corner Madison and First streets.

Ocean Steamers.

PASSAGE REDUCED.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT,

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steamship

PACIFIC,

W. H HARRISON ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above port

MONDAY, APRIL 17, 1871,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

Rates of Fare:

Cabin $30 00
Steerage 15 00

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia & Victoria.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION COMPANY'S Steam Propeller

CALIFORNIA,

JOHN HAYES ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

TUESDAY, APRIL 18, 1871,

At 4 o'clock, P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front street. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

For San Juan, Nanaimo and Sitka.

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE NORTH PACIFIC TRANSPORTATION CO.'S Steam Propeller

GEO. S. WRIGHT,

N. L. ROGERS ..... Commander

Will leave Couch's Wharf for the above ports

THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1871,

At 4 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, No. 9 Front St. GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

FOR LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN

INMAN LINE

OF ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS,

Sailing from New York

Every Saturday and Alternate Tuesday

Cabin Passage, to Liverpool (gold) $75 00
Steerage Passage to Liverpool (currency) 30 00

Passage from Liverpool to New York:

Cabin (gold) $75 00
Steerage (currency) 34 00

☞ Round Trip Tickets issued at very low rates.

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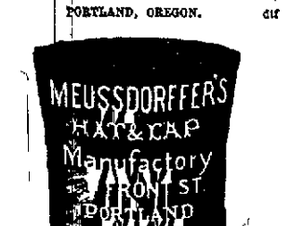

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400 l

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100 c
100 c FRUITS.

10 b
20 c

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REAL ESTA

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65 feet front on
low water mark.

Lots 22, 23 in
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Front street, &c

Lots 25,
dition
on North

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TARRAN
PAINT
WINDOW
CHINA
LARD
MACHINE
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In lots to suit
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OIL OF
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WHIPS AND HARNES
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ONE VERY FINE SWIS
for sale at Retail at th

"G H M."

mr24dlm

The Daily Oregonian.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL

CITY.

EAST PORTLAND BOARD OF TRUSTEES
regular meeting of this Board, Thurs
there were present—Messrs. Hay
and Larrea, Trustees. Absent—Mess
and Tibbets. The Committee on C
bills of D Rafferty for $
Hallman for $ as correct, and warra
dered in payment of the same.

The Committee on Streets and Public
to whom was referred the remonstra
the proposed improvements of
reported that the remonstrance
ed by owners of less than the
thirds of the property lying adjacent
street where the improvement
that the improvement
reference to the proposed
more than two thirds
reported that the trustees
Water streets, to pay for the same
port was adopted.

Warrants were ordered in payment
Lane, for $15, for rent of Council Cham
J. W. Webber, $100, on contract for
The bill of the *Herald* for printing
to the Committee on Accounts and
pense.

An ordinance to amend ordinance
titled "An ordinance to regulate
contracts for street work," was read
ond time.

A resolution offered by Mr Lane
the City Attorney to draw a
City Surveyor in accordance with
tract existing for street surveys
adopted.

ANDREW DEVINGTON OF KA
resident at Salem, whose very
Oregon (18.9) and continuous
together with his infant
a dialect, and expr
sentiments correct
writer or correspon
the same. He
the natural
the new tone
Hall in Portland. The
ing to the manner
ing to the Hall
ter. In those
needs of wild geese
proper names and
marks will be kept
reason. I present this
tory."

THE CHANCE
hard of late
will be held on Sun
ing in every way a very prosperous one. The
Select Prize Exhibition will occur on the evening
of Saturday, the 22d inst. The summer term
will begin after a vacation of one week—on Mon
day, the 8th of May.

"THE OCCASIONAL."—The is the name of a
new publication by
this city. It is issued mostly as an experiment to
advertising the editors as teachers of music and
their "Academy of Music." It will make its
appearance hereafter, the editors say, "occasionally."

PLANS FOR RAILROAD WORK.—The plans and specifications of the work to be let by the contractors, by the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, will be in readiness for examination on or after next Monday, at the office of Mr Morris, Engineer for the Pacific division.

IN THE ASYLUM.—One day this week, Mrs L. D. Durgin of Olympia, was brought over to this city, and placed in the insane asylum at East Portland.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

There is said to be such a scarcity of lime in this market that jobs of masonry have had to be suspended.

One of the juvenile thieves who has figured conspicuously of late in the Police Court has been sent to sea on board the *Prince of Wales*.

Mr. Edmund T. Coleman, a gentleman of fine scientific attainments, has lately executed a painting of Mount Hood, from a point at the upper end of this city. Rev Mr Stacy will take it East shortly.

The *Sentinel* says that Mr M O'Connor formerly of this city, is about to leave San Francisco for Charleston, South Carolina, where he may probably reside for the future.

The semi monthly meeting of Baker Post G A R will take place at half past seven o'clock this evening at the hall, corner of Madison and First streets. Full attendance desired.

The second story of the steamship wharf at the foot of I street, has been begun.

The steamship *Pacific* is advertised to sail for San Francisco at four o'clock P M on Monday next. Improvements are going on very briskly just now in all parts of the city, under the operation of various late ordinances.

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ALSO,
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...ies, Furniture,
...MERCHANDISE &c
...ll at my Auction Sales
...RDAY, APRIL 15 ...
At 10 o'clock A M,
...om it may concern, sugar, ...
...ega GUNPOWDER,
ALSO,
...roceries:
In order
...A C O SOAP;
...A FAMILY SOAP;
...A TOILET SOAP;
ALSO,
...resh TOMATOES,
...GE PEACHES,
...ASSORTED PIE FRUITS,
ALSO,
...ble VINEGAR;
...ches CHAMPAGNE CIDER,
ALSO,
...A STARCH;
...BIA STARCH;
ALSO,
...Furniture:
ALSO,
...TATE IN PUGET ...
...Three ...
...H RICHARDSON ...
...l a Impo... Sale ...
...L ESTATE ...
...
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THE BIBLE AND GEOLOGY.—NO. 3.

To the Editor of the Oregonian:

SIR.—It has been a common remark of late that the Bible does not teach the sciences, as such, and hence it is inferred that the discoveries of science cannot impugn any of its statements. But every mind feels that a fallacy lurks somewhere in this theory. It is an attempt to divorce one class or book of truths from another class or book of truths, and thus to harmonize them, or at least avoid a conflict. Yet back of this theory lies the older and surer one, that *truths are never in conflict*. If the Bible is true it is not in conflict with a true Geology, or a true Astronomy, or a true Philosophy. Its statement of material facts, so far as it makes them, must harmonize with discovered facts. It does state some facts respecting creation, and so far it teaches science, thus anticipating discovery: for one or more facts, in any department of science, are enough to begin or form a basis of that science.

The Bible does give us a cosmogony. It declares an *order* of creation, or formation, or development, whether progressive from lower to higher forms of organizations, or whether on the principle of adaptation, may be considered in another article. Still it plainly affirms an *order* in what is termed *creation*. We are to remember that the Hebrew word translated "created" means to form or construct out of pre-existing material. The record in Genesis briefly declares the orders of formation and habitation of the earth. Geology, by its very extensive, numerous and wonderful discoveries, portrays on a much larger scale an *order* of formation of this world. The Bible boldly stated the *order* many thousands of years ago. Geology can hardly be said to have outlived the *order* previous to the last seventy years, or to have declined it clearly previous to the last forty years. The Bible *order* has stood unchanged during all periods of history. Geologic theories were in a constant process of change for at least two thousand years. The Bible declares that the earth was once a *chaos*, "without form and void"—*tohu* and *bohu*—which Hebrew words, according to Gesenius, mean wasteness and desolateness, and emptiness or voidness. No vegetable or animal existed. The world then was a mere mass of matter, or materials. Geology, with creditable caution in its researches, hesitates to make a statement so positive respecting that period. Sir Charles Lyell, in his work entitled, "The Principles of Geology," revised edition, 1853, published by Appleton & Co., 1864, page 146, makes this remark: "No satisfactory proof has yet been discovered of the gradual passage of the earth from a chaotic to a more habitable state." The Bible ventured, about three or four thousand years ago, *to designate the order* of formation and habitation of the visible earth. Geology has come very slowly to any settled conclusion on this subject. The Bible is brief, positive and authoritative. Geology becomes more cautious, and perhaps timid, as its researches become more extended and minute. Sir Charles Lyell finds traces and notes of true geologic facts "in the Egyptian and Eastern and Grecian cosmogonies, especially as interpreted by Pythagoras." He says of Strabo, the Greek geographer of the first century of the Christian era: "The profoundness of his views, modern geologists are only beginning to appreciate." Strabo says: "It is not because the lands covered by the seas were originally at different altitudes, that the waters have risen or subsided or receded from some parts and inundated others. But the reason is, that the same land is sometimes raised up and sometimes depressed, so that it either overflows or returns to its own place again." "It is proper," he adds, "to derive our explanations from things which are obvious, and in some measure of daily occurrence, such as deluges, earthquakes and volcanic eruptions, and sudden swellings of the land beneath the sea; for the last raise up the sea also; and when the same lands subside again, they occasion the sea to be let down."

The Bible does not change its tone or its words to suit the ideas which men gain from their partial views of events or facts, but it calmly waits the complete investigations, and finished systems of all science, Geology included.

Some attention has been given to this subject, doubtless, since the days of Strabo, but especially during the last three hundred years.

With many correct data of facts, attempts have been made to harmonize crude interpretations of the record in Genesis.

Mr. Lyell remarks that, "Some of the Italian and French writers of the Sixteenth Century, dared to assert that fossil remains of testacea and fish had once belonged to marine animals." "Steno, a Dane, and a professor of Anatomy, in 1669, had dissected a shark, recently taken from the Mediterranean, and had demonstrated that its teeth and bones were identical with many fossils found in Tuscany." "He declared that he had obtained proof that Tuscany must successively have acquired six distinct configurations, having been twice covered by water, twice laid dry with a level, and twice with an irregular and uneven surface. He displayed great anxiety to reconcile his new views with Scripture, for which purpose he pointed to certain rocks as having been formed before the existence of animals and plants." But "the popular persuasion was, that all fossil shells were the effects and proofs of the Mosaic deluge." Mr. Lyell remarks further, "The theologians who now entered the field in Italy, Germany, France and England, were innumerable, and hence-forward, they who refuse to subscribe to the position, that all marine organic remains were proofs of the Mosaic deluge, were exposed to the imputation of disbelieving the whole of the sacred writings. Scarcely any step had been made in approximating to sound theories since the time of Fracastoro, more than a hundred years having been lost, in writing down the dogma that organized fossils were mere sports of nature. An additional period of a century and a half was now destined to be consumed in exploding the hypothesis that organized fossils had all been buried in the solid strata by Noah's flood. In short, a sketch of the progress of Geology is the history of a constant and violent struggle of new opinions against doctrines sanctioned by the implicit faith of many generations, and supposed to rest on Scriptural authority."

"Moro, an Italian, in 1740 undertook to subject every part of his geologic system to the Mosaic account of creation; and, on the whole, few of the old cosmological theories had been conceived with so little violation of known analogies. But the weakest part of Moro's system consisted in deriving all the stratified rocks from volcanic ejections. Besides, he was misled by his anxious desire to represent the formation of secondary rocks as having occupied an extremely short period, while at the same time he wished to employ known agencies in nature."

"Buffon, in 1751, was required by the Sorbonne, or Faculty of Geology in Paris, to renounce the grand principle in his 'Natural History' that the present mountains and valleys of the earth are due to second causes, and that the same causes will in time destroy all the continents, hills and valleys, and reproduce others like them." "An opinion now no longer controverted," says Sir Charles Lyell.

He adds that, "Gesner, a botanist of Turich, in 1758 calculated that the recession of the ocean has been 50 inches in the last 2,500 years that to allow the Appenines, whose summits are filled with marine shells, to emerge to their present height, would have required about 80,000 years,—a lapse of time ten times greater, or more, than the age of the universe. We must therefore refer the phenomenon to the command of the Deity, related by Moses, that 'the waters should be gathered together in one place, and the dry land appear.'"

"Arduino, in 1759, deduced, from original observations, the distinction of rocks into primary, secondary and tertiary, and showed that in the mountains of Padua, Vicenora and Verona there had been a succession of submarine eruptions."

"Hutton in 1788 labored to give fixed principles to Geology, as Newton had succeeded in doing to Astronomy. The ruins of an older world, he said, are visible in the structure of our planet; and the strata which now compose our continents have been once beneath the sea, and were formed out of the waste of pre-existing continents. The same forces are still destroying and building up."

"Voltaire found that the most popular systems of Geology were accommodated to the sacred writings, and that much ingenuity had been employed to make every fact coincide exactly with the Mosaic account of the deluge; he endeavored, therefore, to inculcate scepticism as the real nature of fossil shells; called them the sports of nature; and said that vegetable impressions were not real plants." Kirwan, in his Geological Essays, in 1799, says that, "*Sound* geology *graduated* into religion." He defended the "aqueous theory of all rocks."

De Suc, at the same time held, "that the formation of the rocks which enter into the crust of the earth, began with the precipitation of granite from the primordial liquid, after which other strata containing the remains of organized bodies were deposited, till at last the present sea remained as the residuum of the primordial liquid, and no longer continued to produce mineral strata." "In 1790, while the rival schools of Freyburg and Edinburg, respectively representing the Neptunean and Vulcanian theories of Geologic formations continued their strife, William Smith, an English surveyor, published a 'tabular view' of British strata; and in 1815 finished a Geological map of the whole of England."

From this period the modern progress of Geology dates, according to Sir Charles Lyell the new school, or students of Geology, did not attempt to theorize, but only to collect facts.

But during this long period of strife, among rival schools of geology, and vain effort to accommodate the chronology of the hills and deltas with the supposed chronology of the Scriptures, the Honor of both suffered. One class assailed the Bible. Another class assailed geology. The contest became a partisan warfare.

During this century, however, geologists have confined themselves rigidly to the discovery and collation of facts from all accessible parts of the earth and sea. The result has been, a harmonious and simple outline of the earth's crust, delineating its strata, and its successive conditions and inhabitants, with apparently natural divisions.

Turn now to the Bible, and you find the record of at least six periods of distinct formations, styled creations. Turn again to the most recent geologic map, Prof. Dana's, for instance, and you will find *four* great periods of time marked:

I. Azoic Age, in which no vegetable or animal fossils have been found.

II. Paleozoic, or ancient life Age, comprising the age of mollusks, fishes, and carboniferous vegetation, that is, the age of the oldest *discovered* fossiliferous animals and plants.

III. Mesozoic, or middle life Age, or that in which reptiles, huge saurians abounded.

IV. Cenozoic, or recent life Age, or that in which mammals abounded, including man.

It will be noticed that these four geologic divisions carry us back only to the Azoic Age, or that in which no fossils are found. Geologists are not sure, from discovered facts, whether *their* so-styled Azoic Age is the limit in which or beyond which there was no life, vegetable or animal. Their position is merely negative. They mark the age as destitute of any vestige of organic life. Besides they mark the first life on earth, as that of animal life, the mollusks. Mr. Lyell remarks, page 132 "We have as yet obtained but scanty information respecting the state of the terrestrial flora at periods antecedent to coal; but the Bible positively declares that the earth brought forth grass, herb yielding seed after his kind, and tree yielding fruit, whose seed was in itself, after his kind, in the third day, and that the waters brought forth abundantly on the fourth day—period." The Bible thus defines the third period as that of dry land and vegetation, which the geologist calls his first or azoic period, because, in it he finds no trace of life. It is fair to assume that his ignorance cannot yet annul the positive affirmation of the Scriptures; but far beyond the view of the geologist, the Bible defines two preceding periods; the first in which God divided the light from the darkness; the second in which God "made the firmament, and divided the waters, which were under the firmament from the waters, which were above the firmament, called the second day," "period." Geology has furnished us no facts and no theory respecting those vastly distant periods, and it probably never will be able to do it. Sir Charles Lyell's work on the "principles of geology," closes with this remark: "To assume that the evidence of the beginning or end of so vast a scheme lies within the reach of our philosophical inquiries, or even our speculations, appears to be inconsistent with a just estimate of the relations which subsist between the finite powers of man and the attributes of an infinite and eternal being." The Bible long ago disclosed *all* that geology has discovered, and *much more* respecting the formation and habitation of the crust of the earth. Instead of shrinking from the "Testimony of the Rocks," its revelations so far surpass in scope and sublimity that testimony as its themes and its author surpass those themes, and man, who ponders them.

There are further details of agreement between the Bible periods and those of geology which may be traced in another article.

G. H. ATKINSON.

SHORT PARAGRAPHS.

A Louisville German, quietly sipping his beer and playing "sixty-six" in a saloon, is informed by an excited compatriot, rushing in, that his horse has run away. "Ah! vy don't you schtop him up a leegle?" Being told that the distance prevented, he turns to his partner: "Come, Shake, hurry up and play dish game out, if dat horse git schmosh up my vife gif me Hail Columbus, aint it?"

Mr. Murry said in a late sermon: "I have no idea that God ever intended man to be sick or die. Disease is the immediate cause of death. Instead of death, I believe, if man had not sinned and brought disease and death into the world, that he would have been translated; would have, in consciousness, elapsed into another sphere; that God intended all to be like angels." Again: "Our business, anxiety and care, are of less importance to the world than we think. Three months after I were dead I would not be missed in this pulpit. Its place would be filled. If any of you should die, after a little while you would not be missed, even in your own family."

A colored gentleman was tried before a colored Judge, charged with theft; the case was submitted to the jury under the following charge "Gemmen of Jury—Dis prisner you are tryin' is charged with the crime of stealin'. Stealin' is the takin' and carryin' away of de goods of another. He must not only take 'em, but must tote 'em off. Dis prisner took the goods, but before he got out of the store de owner made him let 'em dar. If de storekeeper wanted to make de prisner a thief he should waited until the prisner had left the store and toted off de goods. You must find the prisner not guilty." The jury concurring in the law as laid down by the court, instantly acquitted the accused.

The Memphis *Appeal* vouches for this: "It was discovered during the week that the venerable black cat which has held possession of the Overton stables since the building was put up, has for a companion a patriarchal gray rat. They hunt in couples in the night, and successfully make war on all sorts of 'varmints.' It appears that about ten years ago the cat had a tremendous fight about three o'clock of a Summer's morning, with a powerful rat, and Tom came forth worsted, played out, utterly baked and crest-fallen. In the course of a week, however, he made up terms with the rat, signed a treaty of peace, offensive and defensive, and both took several whifs from the calumet, a practice which the rat had been taught by the Chickasaws long before Tom came along here from North Carolina. Since then they have been fast friends."

The steamer S. exploded several years ago, with terrible effect, and burned to the water's edge. Captain S. was blown into the air, alighting near a floating cotton bale, upon which he floated uninjured, but much blackened and muddled. Arriving at last at a village several miles below, to which news of the disaster had preceded him, he was accosted by the editor of the village paper, with whom he was well acquainted, eager for an item. "I say, is the S. blown up?" "Yes." "Was Captain S. killed?" "I am the Captain." "The thunder you are! How high were you blown?" "High enough to think of every mean thing I ever did in my life before I came down here." The other started on a run for his office. The paper was about going to press, and not wishing to omit the item of intelligence for the next issue, two weeks off, he wrote as follows: "The steamer S. has burst her boilers, as we learn from Captain S., who says he was up long enough to think of every mean thing he ever did in his life before he lit. We suppose he was up about three months."

Hassalo Lodge No. 15, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Multnoma Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M. holds regular Council every Tuesday evening at the Eighth Run, at Oregon Wigwam, in Parrish's building, corner Washington and Front Streets. By order of THE SACHEM.
my6dtf

U. A. O. D.—Regular meetings of MorvinGrove, No 4, on Thursday evening of each week, at 7½ o'clock, in Druid's Hall, Front street, near Stark. Members of Sister Groves and sojourning Brethren are cordially invited to attend. W. N. UTTER, N. A.
DANIEL BEMAN, R. S. mr6dtf

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.
fe21dtf

G. A. R.—Baker Post No. 1.—Regular meetings on First and Third Saturday evenings of each month, at Nonpareil Hall, corner First and Madison sts. All comrades in good standing invited to attend. By order of POST COMMANDER.

Samaritan Lodge No. 9, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Portland R. A. C. No. 3.—Regular Convocation on the second Thursday evening of each month at Masonic Hall, No 16 North Front street. By order of M. E. H. P

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

PORTLAND, Thursday, April 13, 1871.

Gold at New York, 110¾.

Currency quotable at 99½@ buying; and 99½@ selling.

Exchange—On San Francisco, ½ per cent. on New York, 1½ per cent., telegraphic transfers, 1¾ per cent.

Interest on 30 to 90 day loans, 1 per cent.; outside rates are 1@2 per cent.

Markets.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Flour—500 bbls Gold street XX sold at $6 75; 500 bbls of Genesee Baker's extra sold at $7 50; 600 bbls of Genesee XXX family sold at current rates. The market rules firm with an upward tendency. City millers to-day have advanced their rates 25c per bbl all around; they are now quotable, for superfine, in sacks, per 100 lbs, $5 50@6 75; extra, in sacks, $7 50@7 75.

Wheat—No sales to report, quotable at $2 65@2 70 for choice.

Barley—400 sacks of brewing sold at $1 80; 600 sacks of brewing at $1 80; 200 sacks of coast at $1 85; market firm with upward tendency.

Oats—Range from $1 75@2.

Hay—40 tons of ordinary oat sold at $14 50; 30 tons of fair oat and wheat sold at $15 50; 40 tons of good wheat and wild oat sold at $16 50; choice, $17@18 per ton.

Corn—550 sacks large yellow and white sold at $2 45@2 50, mostly at the latter figure; 100 sacks yellow sold at $2 67½.

Potatoes—150 sacks from Union City sold at $1 80; 300 sacks assorted Bodegas sold at $1 50@1 55; 900 sacks Humboldts, per *Eureka*, private; 500 sacks Humboldts, per *Sea Ord*, at $1 75.

Shipping Intelligence.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, April 14.—Arrived—Bark *Almatta*, Portland, via Astoria; schooner *W. H. Meyer*, Tacoma. Sailed—Bark *Oakland*, Port Madison; schooner *B. H. Ramsdell*, Coos Bay.

Hotels and Restaurants.

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CORNER FIRST & MORRISON STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
SMITH & COOK, Proprietors.

THE ABOVE HOTEL HAS LATELY BEEN RE furnished and enlarged, and the proprietors are ready to furnish as good accommodations as any Hotel in the city. SMITH & COOK, Proprietors.
Free Coach to the House. ap1dtf

ST. CHARLES HOTEL
Corner Front and Morrison Sts.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
JOHN J. JACOBS, Proprietor.

HAVING LEASED THIS NEW AND ELEGANT Hotel, which is built of brick, iron bound. With Family and Single Rooms. Splendidly furnished for One Hundred and Fifty Guests, and supplied with all the modern improvements for their comfort—fine ventilation, baths, gas, etc. The proprietor trusts that the reputation won for the St. George Hotel in Victoria, B. C., while under his management will be a guarantee to his numerous friends and the public of his purpose and ability to make this house as justly celebrated and worthy of patronage. JOHN J. JACOBS.
d20dtf

Cosmopolitan Hotel,
FRONT ST.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
ZIEBER & HOLTON, Proprietors.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING RE-FURNISHED and re-fitted the above named Hotel, will henceforth conduct it on the
EUROPEAN PLAN.
ROOMS can be had by the Day, Week or Month.
A RESTAURANT in the House under the management of PIERRE MANGIET, late of the Lafayette.
Owing to its location and construction, it is the most desirable Hotel in the City, and we intend KEEPING IT AS IT OUGHT TO BE KEPT.
Free Coach and Baggage Wagon to and from the Hotel
ZIEBER & HOLTON, Prop'rs.
☞ Office of the Oregon and California Stage Company.
o10dtf

AMERICAN EXCHANGE!
(*LATE LINCOLN HOUSE,*)
Corner Washington and Front Streets
PORTLAND, OREGON.

L. P. W. QUIMBY & C. H. PERKINS,
HAVING taken the above House, wish to announce to the public that they are now prepared to accommodate guests in a satisfactory manner. Nothing will be left undone, which is in the power of the proprietors to do, to render guests comfortable.
FREE COACH TO THE HOUSE.
Portland, Feb. 2, 1867. dtf

GLOBE HOTEL,
CORNER C & FRONT STS.,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

PROGRESS OF THE COUNTRY AND FULLY SO the City, required a new hotel, therefore, I announce to the public that I have opened the GLOBE HOTEL in a new and substantial style, fully provided with New and Good Furniture, placed in well ventilated and well kept rooms.
The Table is always provided with the best the market affords, and my desire is principally to prove the practicability of maintaining a First Class House at prices to suit the times.
Open Saturday, April 1, 1871.
mr30dtf LEONHARD STARK.

UNION HOTEL,
HILLSBORO, OREGON,
DANIEL L. TURPIN, Prop'r.

THE ABOVE HOTEL HAS RECENTLY BEEN leased, thoroughly repaired and Re-furnished, and is now open to the reception of the traveling public. Good accommodations can be offered to man and beast at low rates.
A liberal share of patronage is solicited. mr14dlm

LAFAYETTE RESTAURANT.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED THE entire interest of P. Mauriet in the LAFAYETTE RESTAURANT would inform the public that he will supply the tables with all the Luxuries to be found in the market in the best style, with attention and promptness. SOLOMON HARRIS.
mr17dtf

HOTEL NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER APRIL 10, 1871, THE RATES OF Board and Lodging will be as follows:

Board and Lodging, per week	$5 50
Board "	4 50
Board and Lodging, per day	1 25
Board "	1 00
Meals	37½

J. B. KELLOGG, Kellogg House,
J. SCHADE, Multnomah House,
M. & W. N. PATTON, Patton House,
A. H. ZAHNISER, Fisk House,
P. WALLENSTINE, Wallenstine House.
ap3dtm

Grocers.

WM. WADHAMS, WM. MORTON, Portland. W. K. LEVERIDGE, A. P. EVERETT, 318 Front St., San Francisco.

LEVERIDGE, WADHAMS & CO.,
(*SUCCESSORS TO R. O. SNEATH,*)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND
Forwarding & Commission Merchants,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

LEVERIDGE, EVERETT & CO.,
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
315 Front St., corner of Commercial,
st SAN FRANCISCO dlf

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
☞ Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City. Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
☞ The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Upper Columbia and Idaho.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.
JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.
UMATILLA, OREGON.

WE ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE Consignments of Goods to be Forwarded to all points in Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Owyhee, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large
Fire-Proof Warehouse
For the Storage of goods, and a long experience which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates.
All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.
Consignments solicited. Mark goods, Care J. R. F. & CO.

Always on hand a full Assortment of
Groceries, Provisions, and Clothing
MECHANICS' MINERS' & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
Also a large Stock of
IRON AND STEEL,
Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.
424dtf JOHN R. FOSTER & CO.

NOTICE.

WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (or 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande		16	cents per pound.
" "	" Union	16	" "
" "	" Baker City	18	" "
" "	" Eldorado	28	" "
" "	" Boise City	32	" "
" "	" Idaho City	35	" "
" "	" Silver City	37	" "

Portland, Feb. 1, 1871 WELLS, FARGO & CO. fe1dtf

Markets.

REMOVAL.
Portland Market.
E. H. CARLING,
SECOND STREET, COR. MORRISON,
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON hand the best of all kinds of MEATS. All orders delivered in any part of the City Free of Charge KOSHER BEEF, VEAL and MUTTON always on hand.
Portland, Feb. 17, 1871. dtf

PACIFIC MARKET.
W. W. SPAULDING,
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
Fresh Meats,
AND
PACKER of BEEF & PORK
Highest Price paid for all kinds of FAT STOCK.
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
ja23 PORTLAND, OREGON. dawtf

Watches and Jewelry.

REMOVED.
JOHN B. MILLER,
Watchmaker & Jeweler,
Has removed from the corner of Alder and Front streets, to 93 FIRST ST., in Corbett's Building, and
HAS JUST RECEIVED PER STEAMER, A SPLENdid selection of Goods suitable for Presents, consisting of Watches and Clocks, Moss Agate, Enamel and Gold Jewelry.
The largest and best Assortment of ELGIN and WALTHAM WATCHES in the city, are to be seen at my store
Sole agent for the Celebrated Self-Winding Watches, manufactured by A. LANGE, Dresden, and EDWARD FERREGANT, of Lock.
The public are invited to call and examine my Stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I can show them a good selection at cheap prices.
WATCHES and JEWELRY REPAIRED in the best workmanlike manner J. B. MILLER,
n2dtf 93 First St., Portland, Oregon.

L. C. HENRICHSEN. C. HANSEN.
L. C. HENRICHSEN & CO.,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS,
109 First Street,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
DEALERS IN
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES,
SOLID SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
Diamond Setting, Engraving and Enameling,
Neatly executed in the latest style
WATCHES AND JEWELRY REPAIRED AND WARRANTED
jy1 dtf

GREAT REDUCTION IN THE PRICES
OF
Fine Watches & Rich Silverware!
B. L. STONE,
107 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.
OFFERS FOR SALE AT REDUCED rates, a fine lot of Howard, Waltham, Elgin, English, and other Gold and Silver Watches. Also, a magnificent assortment of Diamonds, Gold Bracelets, Chains, Guards, Lockets, Finger Rings, Moss Agate setts, Opera and Marine, Pebble Spectacles and Eyeglasses; Silver Napkin Rings, Butter Knives, Spoons, etc., etc., and all sorts of ELEGANT CLOCKS, cheap for cash.
ja4dtf

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!
SUNDAY SCHOOL, CLASS, QUESTION AND SINGing Books from the Mass. S. S. Union American Tract Society and VARIOUS OTHER PUBLISHING HOUSES. For sale *cheap*, at the N. E. corner of Tth and Jefferson streets. 26tf

NOTICE.
WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S
Fast Freight Line
TO IDAHO!

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 1871, OUR RATES on FAST FREIGHT (or 50 pounds or upwards, not less than 45 pounds per cubic foot) will be as follows

From Portland to La Grande		16	cents per pound.
" "	" Union	16	" "
" "	" Baker City	18	" "
" "	" Eldorado	28	" "
" "	" Boise City	32	" "
" "	" Idaho City	35	" "
" "	" Silver City	37	" "

Portland, Feb. 1, 1871 WELLS, FARGO & CO. fe1dtf

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grades.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMMON Council of the City of Portland propose to establish the grades of the following named streets at the lights above the base of grades named in the following table.

Streets.	Ninth	Tenth.	Eleventh	Twelfth	Lowndale	Thirteenth	Pacific.	Fourteenth.
Washington	...	...	...	...	66.5	...	...	...
Alder	...	...	...	...	85	...	...	97.6
Morrison	...	...	...	...	...	103.6	109	103
Yamhill	...	...	...	...	...	110	114	108
Taylor	...	...	...	105	110	...	...	...
Columbia	137	143	144	146	...	...	...	...
Clay	140	148	154	158	...	...	...	...
Market	143	150	164	170	...	...	...	...
Mill	147	157	165	173	...	...	...	...
Madgomery	151	160	168	177	...	...	...	...
Harrison	161	165	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hall	155	163	...	...	...	...	...	...
College	157	295	...	...	...	...	...	...

And to change the grades of certain streets and establish the same at the following hights above the base of grades.
Washington at Twelfth street at 73 feet; at Thirteenth street at 81 feet. Alder street at Thirteenth street at 92 feet. Morrison street at fourteenth street at 95 feet.
W. S. CALDWELL,
April 10 1871 d10t Auditor and Clerk.

South First Street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COMmon Council of the city of Portland propose to raise the grade of South First street at its intersection with Woods street, three feet above the grade now established at that point
W. S. CALDWELL,
April 10, 1871.d10t Auditor and Clerk.

Cheap Water Pipe.

"THE ASPHALTUM PRESSURE PIPE COMPAny," of San Francisco, having purchased of the patentee the sole right to manufacture on this coast, are now making no article at their works, at Alameda Point, that will supply the general want of a cheap and durable water pipe. The invention originated in France, where these pipes are extensively used, as well as in Germany, in fact, all over Europe, almost entirely superseding for all ordinary purposes the use of iron. It is no new thing, having been in use twenty years.

Its Durability.

Being imperishable and insensible to atmospheric influences or chemical properties of the earth, it never changes, and in consequence is much more durable than iron, which corrodes, and in time leaks.

It is a Non-Conductor,

And will not freeze except at a remarkably low temperature, and even then its expansive power is greater than that of frozen water. In warm weather it acts as a cooler for water passing through it.

Neutrality to Acids and Alkalis.

The pipe is not affected by acids and alkalis, nor is it affected by galvanic currents—consequently is invaluable in conducting telegraph wires under ground through tunnels and under bridges.

Elasticity.

The elasticity of this pipe prevents its bursting from outward shocks or concussions. The interior of the pipes being glazed, are as smooth as porcelain, and consequently are never clogged by adhering sediment.

Lightness.

The mean weight of these pipes to iron is as one to five, which not only facilitates handling, but reduces the cost of transportation.

Laying the Pipe

Is a simple matter—can be laid by any laboring man of ordinary intelligence, but the Company, if required, will always furnish a competent person, free of expense, to oversee the proper laying of the pipe. Contracts taken for any required length of pipe from water or mining companies, and warranted to stand according to contract.

Pipe Under Pressure

Can be seen at the office of the Company. We are the only parties manufacturing this pipe on the Pacific Coast under this patent. All other offered is spurious and an infringement.

Cheapness.

The cost when laid, including connections, is about one quarter that of lead and one-half that of iron.
We manufacture this pipe in lengths of twelve feet, and ship it everywhere, by all sorts of conveyances—no special care being required. We manufacture it of any size from one to twelve inches.

Pressure.

We manufacture according to the pressure required from 1 to 400 pounds to the inch, and *guarantee* it to stand the pressure

Prices.

1 inch, 10 cents per foot	
2 inch, 20 " "	For pipe capable of resisting a pressure of 150 lbs to the square inch.
3 inch, 30 " "	
4 inch, 40 " "	
5 inch, 50 " "	
6 inch, 60 " "	
8 inch, $1 00 " "	
10 inch, $1 25 " "	
12 inch, $1 50 " "	

This pipe being made of a combination of paper, canvas, and asphaltum, in lengths of *twelve feet*, should not be confounded with *moulded* asphaltum pipe in lengths of *four* feet.
E. MARTIN & CO.,
Agents for Oregon.
mr24dtf

FRESH ARRIVALS.
FLOWER SEEDS,
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT EVER OFFERED in the city of Portland Just Received Ove land from Thorburn a Celebrated Gardens in New York City.
SWISS CHEESE,
Direct from Auld Switzerland.
Beet Sugar,
A FINE ARTICLE—Direct from the Refinery in San San Francisco.
MACKINAU TROUT,
Direct from Mackinau, Michigan.
Pickled Herring,
Direct from Holland.
Norway Oats.
Lately imported from Norway, yielding one hundred bushels from thirty pounds of seed sown.
These are some of the new things just received.
Orders from abroad accompanied by cash or good reference solicited
Goods carefully packed and put aboard of vessels free of Charge
OATMAN & HACHENEY'S
Dealers in Oregon & California Produce.
Tropical Fruits, Garden and Flower Seeds, Choice Wines and Liquors for Family use, and Groceries of Every Description.
fe24 dtf

MILK! MILK!
TO THE PUBLIC I WOULD SAY THAT I HAVE a LARGE DAIRY a short distance from the city, and have the
BEST MILK BROUGHT TO THE MARKET!
I only Feed my Cows on Hay and Grain, giving me a better milk than those fed on Distillery Slops. I can furnish Stores, Hotels and private Families.
Stop the Cart when the Bell Rings
Or leave your orders at McGlinn's State Bakery, corner Madison an I First streets, or at Robert Pittock's, corner Morrison and First streets. J. M. RATHBUN,
mr18dlm Portland Dairy.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Tualatin River Navigation and Manufacturing Co., for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as will properly come before the meeting, will be held at the Company's Office in Oswego, Oregon, on Thursday, May 4, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M. By order of the President.
W. S. FAILING, Secretary.
Oswego, April 10, 1871. ap11dlmy4

Masonic Building Association Notice.

AT A MEETING OF THE DIRECTORS OF SAID Association, held at their office Saturday evening, April 8th, 1871, an assessment, No. two, of 12½ per cent. was levied on the capital stock, payable immediately, at the office of Parrish, Atkinson & Woodward, No. 102 Front street.
J. L. ATKINSON,
ap10d1w Secretary of Association

CARMEN ISLAND SALT
WARRANTED PURE.
ROCK, COARSE-GROUND, DAIRY AND TABLE SALT, always on hand and for sale in quantities suit.
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
jun5dtf Sole Agents, San Francisco

Notice to Claimants and Soldiers.

BY ACT OF CONGRESS, SOLDIERS, SAILORS, and their Widows, of the War of 1812, are allowed a Pension
An appropriation has been made to pay the Nathan Olney and Jesse Walker claims of the war of 1854
For particulars apply to C. M. CARTER, who collects every variety of Claims on the Government.
The address of the following persons are required—some of whom are entitled to vouchers, as follows
David Murray, $60, Wm Roberts, $75; John H Sutton, $239 12, Frances M. Mrazee $25, John Forman, $25, Michael Brophy, $100; Chas Allison, $25; T J Boger, $5.00, Lyman Williams, $100; D G Isler, $4 75, John Dresscall, Richard White, J. E. Mote, A. B. Isaace, A. E. Tully, Geo Woods, Moses Wall and Henry Rout.
Apply to C. M. CARTER
ap1dawlm Portland, Oregon.

Newspaper Ink.
2,000 LBS. NEWS INK IN 50 LB. KEGS For sale by HENRY L. PITTOCK, No. 8 Washington street, Portland.

Nurseries.

BLOOMINGTON NURSERY ILLINOIS
10th Year. 600 Acres. 13 Greenhouses.
LARGEST ASSORTMENT—ALL SIZES. BEST Stock! Low Prices! Would you know What, When, How to Plant Fruit, Shade, Evergreen Trees, Root Grafts, Seedlings, Osage Plants; Apple Seedlings, Root Potatoes, Scions; Roots, Greenhouse and Garden Plants, &c.
FLOWER & VEGETABLE SEEDS!
Finest, Best Collection—Sorts and Quality.
Send 10 cents for New, Illustrated, Descriptive Catalogue—50 pages. Send stamp, each, for Catalogues of Seeds, with plain directions—64 pages, Bedding and Garden Plants—32 pages, and Wholesale Price List—24 pages.
Address F. K. PHŒNIX, Bloomington, Ill.
fe13dawdm

San Francisco.

N. W. SPAULDING.
Saw-Smithing & Repairing
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,
SAN FRANCISCO.
N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.
REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.
CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-cut, Mill, Mulay, Gang, Rush, Butcher, and Hand Saws of all kinds together with a good assortment of Saw Arbors at lowest market rates.
Cast-Steel (face) PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.
N. B.—Messrs KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho. Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.
Dec. 9, 1869. dtf N. W. SPAULDING

PROPOSALS.

RAILROAD LETTING.
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.
25 MILES.

SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED UNtil noon, Wednesday, April 26th, at the